



# Fees and costs

You need to pay fees and costs for various kinds of cases. You can read what applies to you if you have a claim against someone or if you have received notice of a claim.

## The fees are intended to cover our costs

The fees we charge are intended to cover our costs for a case. The government decides on the amount of the fees. You may have to pay other costs in addition to our fees.

## You have a claim against someone

### You want to have a claim determined (order)

You will have to pay a fee if you apply for our help with, for example, determining a claim that someone must pay (order to pay) or do something (judicial assistance).

Type of application	What is it about?	Avgift
Order to pay	Getting paid	SEK 300*
European order to pay	Get paid (within the EU)**	SEK 300
Ordinary assistance	Get someone to do something, such as return property or move (eviction)	SEK 300

Type of application	What is it about?	Avgi ft
Special assistance	You want help removing occupants, or getting back or removing property	SEK 300

\* We will send an invoice by mail to the applicant. Even if you withdraw your application, you must pay the fee.

\*\* Please note that we will not begin processing your application until you have paid. If payment is delayed or not received, we will reject your application.

You may also have to pay an additional fee if you send your application to us and the person you have a claim against lives in another EU country. The reason for this is that we may need to seek assistance of a foreign court to ensure that the person against whom you have a claim is notified of the claim (service of process). Some countries charge a fee of more than EUR 100 for this. As the applicant, you are responsible for paying this fee.

## You can request reimbursement for costs

### Costs for an order to pay or assistance

You can request reimbursement for

- the application fee
- work performed by you or your representative (maximum SEK 380 for orders to pay, maximum SEK 420 for assistance)
- collection costs in accordance with Section 5 of the Debt Collection Act (max SEK 180 per claim, see also the Swedish Data Protection Authority's website)
- payment reminders (max SEK 60 per overdue invoice) – please note that you and your opposing party must have agreed that such a fee may be charged
- repayment plan or instalment plan (SEK 170)

- lateness penalty (SEK 450 per invoice – applies only between businesses).

Read more at the Swedish Authority for Privacy Protection:

 [Frequently asked questions](#)

### **Costs for special assistance**

If you have applied for special assistance, for example because someone is occupying your property without permission, you can only request compensation for the

- application fee
- your own work or that of your representative (normally reimbursed at SEK 420)
- costs for the person to be served with the claim (service of process costs)
- certain translation costs.

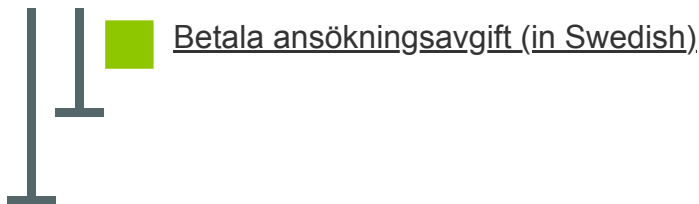
## **Businesses can request compensation in claims against other businesses**

### **Court fees**

You will have to pay a fee to the court if

- you want to take your case to court because the person to whom the claim is directed objects to (disputes) the claim
- the person against whom the claim is directed wants the court to review our decision (verdict), which we call an application for re-trial
- the person against whom the claim is directed wants to have the decision (verdict) reviewed by the court. This may take place in cases regarding special assistance.

You can see the fees charged by the courts on the website of the Swedish Court System



Betala ansökningsavgift (in Swedish)

## You want us to enforce a decision (enforcement)

You may have to pay a fee if you apply for our help with, for example, in collecting a confirmed debt or carrying out an eviction (enforcement).

Type of application	What is it about?	Fee
Enforcement	Getting paid or getting someone to do something	SEK 600/year
Removal	Getting help to move (remove) unauthorised occupants of premises	SEK 300 per identified person, max SEK 3,000

## Annual basic fee for implementing decisions

Your case will continue without any time limit – until it is paid in full, resolved, or withdrawn.

### Who should pay the fee?

The general rule is that the person who has the debt (the debtor) must pay the basic fee. If they cannot pay, we will bill you. We will do this after the fact or at the start of a new processing year, or if you withdraw the case.

If money is received for your case from, for example, an attachment, you will be refunded the fee.

### A new basic fee each year

Each year that we continue to process your case, we add a new basic fee. You will receive a letter from us before we add the fee. If you do not want us to continue processing the case, you must withdraw it. If you withdraw the case, you will always receive an invoice for any unpaid fees, as we invoice retroactively.

If the debt is less than SEK 100, you will not pay any basic fee.

### **One claim – one fee**

If your claim is directed at several people, i.e. consists of several cases (joint and several liability), we only charge one basic fee.

### **Two claims – two fees**

You pay two basic fees if you apply for us to implement a decision (enforce) two claims, for example eviction and payment of a debt.

## **No basic fee for damages or support**

If you are awaiting damages in a criminal case or support payments, you do not need to pay any fee to apply for our help in collecting the debt (enforcement).

## **You live abroad and are required to pay the basic fee**

Are you living abroad and applying for us to enforce a decision? You will then receive either a letter with instructions on how to pay an advance or an invoice. When you are due to pay the next basic fee, you will receive an invoice.

## **You may be exempt from the basic fee**

You may be exempt from paying the basic fee. This may be because the fee is unreasonable or because another party is responsible for paying it.

 Correction of data

## Costs in addition to the basic fee

These may include, for example, costs relating to

- sales (costs for transport of attached goods, valuation, brokerage fees, etc.)
- moving (removal) from premises
- eviction.

These fees are calculated based on the actual costs. When we sell property to pay a debt, the fees are primarily paid with the proceeds of the sale.

The general rule is that the person who has the debt (the debtor) must pay the basic fee and the costs of enforcement. If they cannot pay, you as the applicant might have to pay. If there are several applicants, you will all be liable (jointly and severally) for the costs.

Sometimes you may be required to pay in advance, for example if we assess from the outset that the costs will be high.

Read more about costs in connection with eviction.

 Implement an eviction

## Costs you do not have to pay

There are situations where you are not responsible for the costs. Please note that we assess each case individually.

You are not normally responsible for costs

- for basic, preparation, or sales fees when you apply for damages due to a crime (you may have to pay fees that



may arise in connection with a sale, such as storage or appraisal costs)

- when you apply for a judgment to be enforced and you have received legal aid during the trial
- when you have purchased and gained access to a dwelling, attic, basement, or garage for a passenger car after a forced sale
- for storage and certain other measures in connection with an eviction and other assistance
- for enforcement against employers who have not complied with our decisions on wage garnishment
- to scrap or destroy removed property belonging to the person against whom the claim is directed (the debtor) in the case of special assistance.

## **Someone has a claim against you**

### **You have received a claim (order)**

### **Debts to pay or decisions to do something (enforcement)**

### **Debt restructuring**

### **Decision on debt restructuring with a payment plan**

### **Sale**

### **Sale of real estate and movable property**

### **Other matters**

We also charge a fee for summoning unknown creditors, registering purchases of movable property, protesting bills of exchange, cancellation of lost documents, enforcement certificates, and infringement investigations.

## Fees for other matters

### Summons to unknown creditors

### Registration of purchase of movable property

### Bill of exchange protest

A public declaration that a bill of exchange or check has not been cashed in time or approved.

Fee: SEK 870

### Cancellation of lost document

A lost original document becomes invalid, and you secure your right to what the document describes.

Fee: SEK 375

### Certificate and register extract (enforcement certificate)

Proof that a decision you wish to enforce in a Nordic country is enforceable in Sweden.

Fee: SEK 225

## Infringement investigation

Investigation of whether someone has infringed on another person's intellectual property rights, for example through unauthorised reproduction.

Fee: SEK 5 000

## Public document

Paper copies of public documents are free for up to nine pages. After that, you may have to pay. Ten pages cost SEK 50, after which each page costs SEK 2. You only need to pay for a page if it contains text. If there is text on both sides of the paper copy, it counts as two pages.

You will need to pay postage if we mail the paper copies to you and there are ten pages or more. If we fax documents that are ten pages or more, you will need to pay a fee.

You can also access public documents free of charge by visiting one of our offices. You may read, copy, or photograph the documents.

Read more about how to request public documents:

 [Offentligt och sekretess \(in Swedish\)](#)